CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM - LEARNING OUTCOMES-BASED CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK

PG & RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

M.Sc Physics: Those who have joined in the Academic year 2023-24 onwards

Part		Course	Code	Cr.	Hrs
SEMESTER I					
A	CC – 1	Mathematical Physics	232104101	4	6
	CC – 2	Classical Mechanics and Relativity	232104102	4	6
	CC – 3	Linear and Digital ICs and Applications	232104103	4	6
	CC -3 P	Practical - I	232104104	4	6
	EC –I (Generic/DS)	Energy Physics	232104105	2	2
B	SEC I	Material Science	232104106	2	2
	AECC 1 – Soft Skill	Medical Physics	232104107	2	2
	Total			**22**	**30**
SEMESTER II					
A	CC – 4	Statistical Mechanics	232104201	4	6
	CC – 5	Quantum Mechanics – I	232104202	4	6
	CC – 6	Practical - II	232104203	4	6
	EC – II	Nonlinear Dynamics	232104204	3	4
	EC - III	Characterization of Materials	232104205	3	4
B	SEC – II	Advanced Optics	232104206	2	2
	AECC 2	Thin Films	232104207	2	2
	*Internship	**Internship / Industrial Activity**		-	-
				22	**30**
SEMESTER III					
A	CC – 7	Quantum Mechanics - II	232104301	4	6
	CC – 8	Condensed Matter Physics	232104302	4	5
	CC – 9	Electromagnetic Theory	232104303	4	5
	Core P	Practical – III Numerical Methods and Computer Programming (FOTRAN/C)	232104304	3	6
	EC - IV	Physics of Nano Science and Technology	232104305	3	4
B	SEC – III	Renewable Energy Sources	232104306	2	2
	AECC – 3	Arduino Based Instrumentations	232104307	2	2
	Internship	**Internship / Industrial Activity**	232104308	2	-
				24	**30**
SEMESTER IV					
A	CC – 10	Nuclear and Particle Physics	232104401	4	6
	CC – 11	Spectroscopy	232104402	4	5
	CC - 12	Numerical Methods and Computer Programming	232104403	4	5
	Core – P	Practical - IV	232104404	3	6
	CC – 13	Project with Viva voce	232104405	3	4
B	SEC – IV	Analytical Instrumentations	232104406	2	2
	AECC – 4	Thin Films	232104407	2	2
C	EA	Extension Activity	232104408	1	-
	Total			**23**	**30**

* Internship will be carried out during the summer vacation of the first year and marks will be included in the Third Semester Marks Statement.

Title of the Course		MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS						
Part		A						
Category	Core 1	Year	I	Credits	4	Course Code	232104101	
		Semester	I					

Instructional Hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice	Total	CIA	External	Total
	5	1	--	6	25	75	100

Pre-Requisites

Matrices, vectors, differentiation, integration, differential equations

Learning Objectives

- ✍ To equip students with the mathematical techniques needed for understanding theoretical treatment in different courses taught in their program
- ✍ To extend their manipulative skills to apply mathematical techniques in their fields
- ✍ To help students apply Mathematics in solving problems of Physics

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: **LINEAR VECTOR SPACE**	Basic concepts – Definitions- examples of vector space – Linear independence - Scalar product- Orthogonality – Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization procedure – linear operators – Dual space- ket and bra notation – orthogonal basis – change of basis – Isomorphism of vector space – projection operator –Eigen values and Eigen functions – Direct sum and invariant subspace – orthogonal transformations and rotation
UNIT II: **COMPLEX ANALYSIS**	Review of Complex Numbers -de Moivre's theorem-Functions of a Complex Variable- Differentiability -Analytic functions- Harmonic Functions- Complex Integration- Contour Integration, Cauchy – Riemann conditions – Singular points – Cauchy's Integral Theorem and integral Formula -Taylor's Series - Laurent's Expansion- Zeros and poles – Residue theorem and its Application: Potential theory - (1) Electrostatic fields and complex potentials - Parallel plates, coaxial cylinders and an annular region (2) Heat problems - Parallel plates and coaxial cylinders
UNIT III: **MATRICES**	Types of Matrices and their properties, Rank of a Matrix -Conjugate of a matrix - Adjoint of a matrix - Inverse of a matrix - Hermitian and Unitary Matrices -Trace of a matrix- Transformation of matrices - Characteristic equation - Eigen values and Eigen vectors - Cayley–Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization
UNIT IV: **FOURIER TRANSFORMS** **&** **LAPLACE TRANSFORMS**	Definitions -Fourier transform and its inverse - Transform of Gaussian function and Dirac delta function -Fourier transform of derivatives - Cosine and sine transforms - Convolution theorem. Application: Diffusion equation: Flow of heat in an infinite and in a semi - infinite medium - Wave equation: Vibration of an infinite string and of a semi - infinite string. Laplace transform and its inverse - Transforms of derivatives and integrals – Differentiation and integration of transforms - Dirac delta functions - Application - Laplace equation: Potential problem in a semi - infinite strip
UNIT V: **DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS**	Second order differential equation- Sturm-Liouville's theory - Series solution with simple examples - Hermite polynomials - Generating function - Orthogonality properties - Recurrence relations – Legendre polynomials - Generating function - Rodrigue formula – Orthogonality properties - Dirac delta function- One dimensional Green's function and Reciprocity theorem -Sturm-Liouville's type equation in one dimension & their Green's function.

PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. George Arfken and Hans J Weber, 2012, Mathematical Methods for Physicists – A Comprehensive Guide (7th edition), Academic press. 2. P.K. Chattopadhyay, 2013, *Mathematical Physics* (2^{nd} edition), New Age, New Delhi 3. A W Joshi, 2017, Matrices and Tensors in Physics, 4th Edition (Paperback), New Age International Pvt. Ltd., India 4. B. D. Gupta, 2009, *Mathematical Physics* (4^{th} edition), Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi. 5. H. K. Dass and Dr. Rama Verma, 2014, Mathematical Physics, Seventh Revised Edition, S. Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. E. Kreyszig, 1983, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi, 2. D. G. Zill and M. R. Cullen, 2006, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 3rd Ed. Narosa, New Delhi. 3. S. Lipschutz, 1987, Linear Algebra, Schaum's Series, McGraw - Hill, New York 3. E. Butkov, 1968, Mathematical Physics Addison - Wesley, Reading, Massachusetts. 4. P. R. Halmos, 1965, Finite Dimensional Vector Spaces, 2nd Edition, Affiliated East West, New Delhi. 5. C. R. Wylie and L. C. Barrett, 1995, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 6 th Edition, International Edition, McGraw-Hill, New York
WEB SOURCES	1. www.khanacademy.org 2. https://youtu.be/LZnRlOA1_2I 3. http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hmat.html#hmath 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_2jymuM7OUU&list=PLhkiT_RYTEU27vS_SlED56gNjVJGO2qaZ 5. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/115/106/115106086/

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand use of bra-ket vector notation and explain the meaning of complete orthonormal set of basis vectors, and transformations and be able to apply them	**K1, K2**
CO2	Able to understand analytic functions, do complex integration, by applying Cauchy Integral Formula. Able to compute many real integrals and infinite sums via complex integration.	**K2, K3**
CO3	Analyze characteristics of matrices and its different types, and the process of diagonalization.	**K4**
CO4	Solve equations using Laplace transform and analyze the Fourier transformations of different function, grasp how these transformations can speed up analysis and correlate their importance in technology	**K4, K5**
CO5	To find the solutions for physical problems using linear differential equations and to solve boundary value problems using Green's function. Apply special functions in computation of solutions to real world problems	**K2, K5**
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)**.**

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3

	PSO1	**PSO2**	**PSO3**	**PSO4**	**PSO5**	**PSO6**	**PSO7**	**PSO8**	**PSO9**	**PSO10**
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3

Title of the Course		CLASSICAL MECHANICS AND RELATIVITY						
Category	Core 2	**Year**	I	**Credits**	4	**Course Code**	**232104102**	
		Semester	I					
Instructional Hours per week		**Lecture**	**Tutorial**	**Lab Practice**	**Total**	**CIA**	**External**	**Total**
		6	-	--	6	25	75	100

Pre-Requisites

Fundamentals of mechanics, Foundation in mathematical methods.

Learning Objectives

- ✍ To understand fundamentals of classical mechanics.
- ✍ To understand Lagrangian formulation of mechanics and apply it to solve equation of motion.
- ✍ To understand Hamiltonian formulation of mechanics and apply it to solve equation of motion.
- ✍ To discuss the theory of small oscillations of a system.
- ✍ To learn the relativistic formulation of mechanics of a system.

UNITS	**Course Details**
UNIT I: PRINCIPLES OF CLASSICAL MECHANICS	Mechanics of a single particle – mechanics of a system of particles – conservation laws for a system of particles – constraints – holonomic & non-holonomic constraints – generalized coordinates – configuration space – transformation equations – principle of virtual work.
UNIT II: LAGRANGIAN FORMULATION	D'Alembert's principle – Lagrangian equations of motion for conservative systems – applications: (i) simple pendulum (ii) Atwood's machine (iii) projectile motion.
UNIT III: HAMILTONIAN FORMULATION	Phase space – cyclic coordinates – conjugate momentum – Hamiltonian function – Hamilton's canonical equations of motion – applications: (i) simple pendulum (ii) one dimensional simple harmonic oscillator (iii) motion of particle in a central force field.
UNIT IV: SMALL OSCILLATIONS	Formulation of the problem – transformation to normal coordinates – frequencies of normal modes – linear triatomic molecule.
UNIT V: RELATIVITY	Inertial and non-inertial frames – Lorentz transformation equations – length contraction and time dilation – relativistic addition of velocities – Einstein's mass-energy relation – Minkowski's space – four vectors – position, velocity, momentum, acceleration and force in for vector notation and their transformations
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. H. Goldstein, 2002, *Classical Mechanics*, 3rd Edition, Pearson Edu. 2. J. C. Upadhyaya, *Classical Mechanics*, Himalaya Publshing. Co. New Delhi. 3. R. Resnick, 1968, *Introduction to Special Theory of Relativity*, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi. 4. R. G. Takwala and P.S. Puranik, Introduction to Classical Mechanics –Tata – McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1980. 5. N. C. Rana and P.S. Joag, Classical Mechanics - Tata McGraw Hill, 2001
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. K. R. Symon, 1971, *Mechanics*, Addison Wesley, London. 2. S. N. Biswas, 1999, *Classical Mechanics*, Books & Allied, Kolkata. 3. Gupta and Kumar, *Classical Mechanics*, Kedar Nath. 4. T.W.B. Kibble, *Classical Mechanics*, ELBS. 5. Greenwood, *Classical Dynamics*, PHI, New Delhi.

WEB SOURCES	1. http://poincare.matf.bg.ac.rs/~zarkom/Book_Mechanics_Goldstein_Classical_Mechanics_optimized.pdf 2. https://pdfcoffee.com/classical-mechanics-j-c-upadhyay-2014-editionpdf-pdf-free.html 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122/106/122106027/ 4. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-09-classical-mechanics-iii-fall-2014/lecture-notes/ 5. https://www.britannica.com/science/relativistic-mechanics

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the fundamentals of classical mechanics.	**K2**
CO2	Apply the principles of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics to solve the equations of motion of physical systems.	**K3**
CO3	Apply the principles of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics to solve the equations of motion of physical systems.	**K3, K5**
CO4	Analyze the small oscillations in systems and determine their normal modes of oscillations.	**K4, K5**
CO5	Understand and apply the principles of relativistic kinematics to the mechanical systems.	**K2, K3**
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)**.**

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2

	PSO1	**PSO2**	**PSO3**	**PSO4**	**PSO5**	**PSO6**	**PSO7**	**PSO8**	**PSO9**	**PSO10**
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2

Title of the Course		LINEAR AND DIGITAL ICs and APPLICATIONS						
Category	Core 3	Year	I	Credits	4	Course Code	232104103	
		Semester	I					
Instructional Hours per week		Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice	Total	CIA	External	Total
		6	-	--	6	25	75	100

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge of semiconductor devices, basic concepts of digital and analog electronics

Learning Objectives

- To introduce the basic building blocks of linear integrated circuits.
- To teach the linear and non-linear applications of operational amplifiers.
- To introduce the theory and applications of PLL.
- To introduce the concepts of waveform generation and introduce one special function ICs.
- Exposure to digital IC's

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: INTEGRATED CIRCUITS AND OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER	Introduction, Classification of IC's, basic information of Op-Amp 741 and its features, the ideal Operational amplifier, Op-Amp internal circuit and Op-Amp. Characteristics.
UNIT II: APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP	LINEAR APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP: Solution to simultaneous equations and differential equations, Instrumentation amplifiers, V to I and I to V converters. NON-LINEAR APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP: Sample and Hold circuit, Log and Antilog amplifier, multiplier and divider, Comparators, Schmitt trigger, Multivibrators, Triangular and Square waveform generators.
UNIT III: ACTIVE FILTERS & TIMER AND PHASE LOCKED LOOPS	ACTIVE FILTERS: Introduction, Butterworth filters – 1st order, 2nd order low pass and high pass filters, band pass, band reject and all pass filters. TIMER AND PHASE LOCKED LOOPS: Introduction to IC 555 timer, description of functional diagram, monostable and astable operations and applications, Schmitt trigger, PLL - introduction, basic principle, phase detector/comparator, voltage controlled oscillator (IC 566), low pass filter, monolithic PLL and applications of PLL
UNIT IV: VOLTAGE REGULATOR & D to A AND A to D CONVERTERS	VOLTAGE REGULATOR: Introduction, Series Op-Amp regulator, IC Voltage Regulators, IC 723 general purpose regulators, Switching Regulator. D to A AND A to D CONVERTERS: Introduction, basic DAC techniques -weighted resistor DAC, R-2R ladder DAC, inverted R-2R DAC, A to D converters -parallel comparator type ADC, counter type ADC, successive approximation ADC and dual slope ADC, DAC and ADC Specifications.
UNIT V: CMOS LOGIC, COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs & SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs	CMOS LOGIC: CMOS logic levels, MOS transistors, Basic CMOS Inverter, NAND and NOR gates, CMOS AND-OR-INVERT and OR-AND-INVERT gates, implementation of any function using CMOS logic. COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs: Study of logic gates using 74XX ICs, Four-bit parallel adder (IC 7483), Comparator (IC 7485), Decoder (IC 74138, IC 74154), BCD to 7-segment decoder (IC7447), Encoder (IC74147), Multiplexer (IC74151), Demultiplexer (IC 74154). SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs: Flip Flops (IC 7474, IC 7473), Shift Registers, Universal Shift Register (IC 74194), 4- bit asynchronous binary counter (IC 7493).
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. D. Roy Choudhury, Shail B. Jain (2012), Linear Integrated Circuit, 4th edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, India 2. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, (2012), OP-AMP and Linear Integrated Circuits, 4th edition, Prentice Hall / Pearson Education, New Delhi. 3. B.L. Theraja and A.K. Theraja, 2004, A Textbook of Electrical technology, S. Chand & Co.

	4. V.K. Mehta and Rohit Mehta, 2008, Principles of Electronics, S. Chand & Co, 12th Edition. 5. V. Vijayendran, 2008, Introduction to Integrated electronics (Digital & Analog), S. Viswanathan Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Reprint. V.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Sergio Franco (1997), Design with operational amplifiers and analog integrated circuits, McGraw Hill, New Delhi. 2. Gray, Meyer (1995), Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits, Wiley International, New Delhi. 3. Malvino and Leach (2005), Digital Principles and Applications 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi 4. Floyd, Jain (2009), Digital Fundamentals, 8th edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi. 5. Integrated Electronics, Millman & Halkias, Tata McGraw Hill, 17th Reprint (2000)
WEB SOURCES	1. https://nptel.ac.in/course.html/digital circuits/ 2. https://nptel.ac.in/course.html/electronics/operational amplifier/ 3. https://www.allaboutcircuits.com/textbook/semiconductors/chpt-7/field-effect-controlled-thyristors/ 4. https://www.electrical4u.com/applications-of-op-amp/ 5. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/digital-electronics-logic-design-tutorials/

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Learn about the basic concepts for the circuit configuration for the design of linear integrated circuits and develops skill to solve problems	**K1, K5**
CO2	Develop skills to design linear and non-linear applications circuits using Op-Amp and design the active filters circuits.	**K3**
CO3	Gain knowledge about PLL, and develop the skills to design the simple circuits using IC 555 timer and can solve problems related to it.	**K1, K3**
CO4	Learn about various techniques to develop A/D and D/A converters.	**K2**
CO5	Acquire the knowledge about the CMOS logic, combinational and sequential circuits	**K1, K4**
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)**.**

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	1

	PSO1	**PSO2**	**PSO3**	**PSO4**	**PSO5**	**PSO6**	**PSO7**	**PSO8**	**PSO9**	**PSO10**
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	1

Title of the Course		Practical - I						
Category	Core – 3P	Year	I	Credits	4	Course Code	232104104	
		Semester	I					

Instructional Hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice	Total	CIA	External	Total
	6	-	--	6	25	75	100

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge and hands on experience of basic general and electronics experiments of Physics

Learning Objectives

- To understand the concept of mechanical behavior of materials and calculation of same using appropriate equations.
- To calculate the thermodynamic quantities and physical properties of materials.
- To analyze the optical and electrical properties of materials.

Course Details

(Any Twelve Experiments)

1. Determination of Young's modulus and Poisson's ratio by Hyperbolic fringes - Cornu's Method
2. Determination of Viscosity of the given liquid – Meyer's disc
3. Measurement of Coefficient of linear expansion- Air wedge Method
4. B-H loop using Anchor ring.
5. Determination of Thickness of the enamel coating on a wire by diffraction
6. Determination of Rydberg's Constant - Hydrogen Spectrum
7. FP Etalon
8. Determination of Thickness of air film. - Solar spectrum – Hartmann's formula. Edser and Butler fringes.
9. Measurement of Band gap energy- Thermistor
10. Determination of Planck Constant – LED Method
11. Determination of Specific charge of an electron – Thomson's method.
12. Determination of Compressibility of a liquid using Ultrasonics
13. Determination of Wavelength, Separation of wavelengths - Michelson Interferometer
14. GM counter – Characteristics, inverse square law and absorption coefficient.
15. Measurement of Conductivity - Four probe method.
16. Arc spectrum – Iron.
17. Molecular spectra – AlO band.
18. Measurement of wavelength of Diode Laser / He – Ne Laser using Diffraction grating.
19. Determination of Diffraction pattern of light with circular aperture using Diode/He-Ne laser.
20. Study the beam divergence, spot size and intensity profile of Diode/He-Ne laser.
21. Measurements of Standing wave and standing wave co-efficient, Law of Inverse square, Receiver end transmitter behavior, Radiation Pattern - Microwave test bench
22. UV-Visible spectroscopy – Verification of Beer-Lambert's law and identification of wavelength maxima – Extinction coefficient
23. Construction of relaxation oscillator using UJT
24. FET CS amplifier- Frequency response, input impedance, output impedance
25. Study of important electrical characteristics of IC741.
26. V- I Characteristics of different colours of LED.
27. Study of attenuation characteristics of Wien's bridge network and design of Wien's bridge oscillator using Op-Amp.
28. Study of attenuation characteristics of Phase shift network and design of Phase shift oscillator using Op-Amp.
29. Construction of Schmidt trigger circuit using IC 741 for a given hysteresis- application as squarer.
30. Construction of square wave Triangular wave generator using IC 741
31. Construction of a quadrature wave using IC 324
32. Construction of pulse generator using the IC 741 – application as frequency divider
33. Construction of Op-Amp- 4 bit Digital to Analog converter (Binary Weighted and R/2R ladder type)
34. Study of Binary to Gray and Gray to Binary code conversion.
35. Study of R-S, clocked R-S and D-Flip flop using NAND gates
36. Study of J-K, D and T flip flops using IC 7476/7473
37. Arithmetic operations using IC 7483- 4-bit binary addition and subtraction.
38. Study of Arithmetic logic unit using IC 74181.
39. Construction of Encoder and Decoder circuits using ICs.

TEXT BOOKS	1. Practical Physics, Gupta and Kumar, Pragati Prakasan. 2. Kit Developed for doing experiments in Physics- Instruction manual, R. Srinivasan K.R Priolkar, Indian Academy of Sciences. 3. Electronic Laboratory Primer a design approach, S. Poornachandra, B. Sasikala, Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi. 4. Electronic lab manual Vol I, K ANavas, Rajath Publishing. 5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, K ANavas, PHI eastern Economy Edition
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Advanced Practical Physics, S.P Singh, PragatiPrakasan. 2. An advanced course in Practical Physics, D. Chattopadhayay, C.R Rakshit, New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd 3. Op-Amp and linear integrated circuit, Ramakanth A Gaykwad, Eastern Economy Edition. 4. A course on experiment with He-Ne Laser, R.S. Sirohi, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd. 5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, Kuriachan T.D, Syam Mohan, Ayodhya Publishing.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the strength of material using Young's modulus.	**K2**
CO2	Acquire knowledge of thermal behaviour of the matetials.	**K1**
CO3	Understand theoretical principles of magnetism through the experiments.	**K2**
CO4	Acquire knowledge about arc spectrum and applications of laser	**K1, K3**
CO5	Improve the analytical and observation ability in Physics Experiments	**K3, K5**
CO6	Conduct experiments on applications of FET and UJT	**K4**
CO7	Analyze various parameters related to operational amplifiers.	**K4**
CO8	Understand the concepts involved in arithmatic and logical circuits using IC's	**K2**
CO9	Acquire knowledge about Combinational Logic Circuits and Sequential Logic Circuits	**K1**
CO10	Analyze the applications of counters and registers	**K4**
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)**.**

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
CO1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO7	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1

	PSO1	**PSO2**	**PSO3**	**PSO4**	**PSO5**	**PSO6**	**PSO7**	**PSO8**	**PSO9**	**PSO10**
CO1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO7	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1

Title of the Course		ENERGY PHYSICS						
Category	EC - I	Year	I	Credits	2	Course Code	232104105	
		Semester	I					

Instructional Hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice	Total	CIA	External	Total
	2	-	--	2	25	75	100

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge of conventional energy resources

Learning Objectives

- ✍ To learn about various renewable energy sources.
- ✍ To know the ways of effectively utilizing the oceanic energy.
- ✍ To study the method of harnessing wind energy and its advantages.
- ✍ To learn the techniques useful for the conversion of biomass into useful energy.
- ✍ To know about utilization of solar energy.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO ENERGY SOURCES	Conventional and non-conventional energy sources and their availability– prospects of Renewable energy sources– Energy from other sources–chemical energy–Nuclear energy– Energy storage and distribution.
UNIT II: ENERGY FROM THE OCEANS	Energy utilization–Energy from tides–Basic principle of tidal power– utilization of tidal energy – Principle of ocean thermal energy conversion systems.
UNIT III: WIND ENERGY SOURCES	Basic principles of wind energy conversion–power in the wind–forces in the Blades– Wind energy conversion–Advantages and disadvantages of wind energy conversion systems (WECS) - Energy storage–Applications of wind energy.
UNIT IV: ENERGY FROM BIOMASS	Biomass conversion Technologies– wet and dry process– Photosynthesis - Biogas Generation: Introduction–basic process: Aerobic and anaerobic digestion – Advantages of anaerobic digestion–factors affecting bio digestion and generation of gas- bio gas from waste fuel– properties of biogas-utilization of biogas.
UNIT V: SOLAR ENERGY SOURCES	Solar radiation and its measurements–solar cells: Solar cells for direct conversion of solar energy to electric powers–solar cell parameter–solar cell electrical characteristics– Efficiency–solar water Heater –solar distillation– solar cooking–solar greenhouse – Solar pond and its applications.
PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. G.D. Rai, 1996, Non – convention sources of, 4th edition, Khanna publishers, New Delhi. 2. S. Rao and Dr. Paru Lekar, Energy technology. 3. M.P. Agarwal, Solar Energy, S. Chand and Co., New Delhi (1983). 4. Solar energy, principles of thermal collection and storage by S. P. Sukhatme, 2nd edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Lt., New Delhi (1997). 5. Energy Technology by S. Rao and Dr. Parulekar.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Renewable energy resources, John Twidell and Tonyweir, Taylor and Francis group, London and New York. 2. Applied solar energy, A. B. Meinel and A. P. Meinal 3. John Twidell and Tony Weir, Renewable energy resources, Taylor and Francis group, London and New York. 4. Renewal Energy Technologies: A Practical Guide for Beginners C.S. Solanki-PHI Learning 5. Introduction to Non-Conventional Energy Resources -Raja et. al., Sci. Tech Publications

WEB SOURCES	1.https://www.open.edu/openlearn/ocw/mod/oucontent/view.php?id=2411&printable=1 2. https://www.nationalgeographic.org/encyclopedia/tidal-energy/ 3. https://www.ge.com/renewableenergy/wind-energy/what-is-wind-energy 4. https://www.reenergyholdings.com/renewable-energy/what-is-biomass/ 5. https://www.acciona.com/renewable-energy/solar-energy/

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	To identify various forms of renewable and non-renewable energy sources	**K1**
CO2	Understand the principle of utilizing the oceanic energy and apply it for practical applications.	**K2**
CO3	Discuss the working of a windmill and analyze the advantages of wind energy.	**K3**
CO4	Distinguish aerobic digestion process from anaerobic digestion.	**K3, K4**
CO5	Understand the components of solar radiation, their measurement and apply them to utilize solar energy.	**K2, K5**
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)**.**

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO5	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3

	PSO1	**PSO2**	**PSO3**	**PSO4**	**PSO5**	**PSO6**	**PSO7**	**PSO8**	**PSO9**	**PSO10**
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO5	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3

Title of the Course	MATERIAL SCIENCE

Category	EC - I	Year	I	Credits	2	Course Code	232104106
		Semester	I				

Instructional Hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice	Total	CIA	External	Total
	2	-	--	2	25	75	100

Pre-Requisites

- Basic knowledge on different types of materials

Learning Objectives

- To gain knowledge on optoelectronic materials
- To learn about ceramic processing and advanced ceramics
- To understand the processing and applications of polymeric materials
- To gain knowledge on the fabrication of composite materials
- To learn about shape memory alloys, metallic glasses and nanomaterials

UNITS	Course details
UNIT I: OPTOELECTRONIC MATERIALS	Importance of optical materials – properties: Band gap and lattice matching – optical absorption and emission – charge injection, quasi-Fermi levels and recombination – optical absorption, loss and gain. Optical processes in quantum structures: Inter-band and intra-band transitions Organic semiconductors. Light propagation in materials – Electro-optic effect and modulation, electro-absorption modulation – exciton quenching.
UNIT II CERAMIC MATERIALS	Ceramic processing: powder processing, milling and sintering – structural ceramics: zirconia, almina, silicon carbide, tungsten carbide – electronic ceramics – refractories – glass and glass ceramics
UNIT III POLYMERIC MATERIALS	Polymers and copolymers – molecular weight measurement – synthesis: chain growth polymerization – polymerization techniques – glass transition temperature and its measurement – viscoelasticity – polymer processing techniques – applications: conducting polymers, biopolymers and high temperature polymers.
UNIT IV COMPOSITE MATERIALS	Particle reinforced composites – fiber reinforced composites – mechanical behavior – fabrication methods of polymer matrix composites and metal matrix composites – carbon/carbon composites: fabrication and applications.
UNIT V: NEW MATERIALS	Shape memory alloys: mechanisms of one-way and two-way shape memory effect, reverse transformation, thermo-elasticity and pseudo-elasticity, examples and applications -bulk metallic glass: criteria for glass formation and stability, examples and mechanical behavior - nanomaterials: classification, size effect on structural and functional properties, processing and properties of Nano crystalline materials, single walled and multi walled carbon nanotubes

PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. Jasprit Singh, Electronic and optoelectronic properties of semiconductor structures, Cambridge University Press, 2007 2. P. K. Mallick. Fiber-Reinforced Composites. CRC Press, 2008. 3. V. Raghavan, 2003, Materials Science and Engineering, 4th Edition, Prentice- Hall India, New Delhi(For units 2,3,4 and 5) 4. G.K. Narula, K.S. Narula and V.K. Gupta, 1988, Materials Science, Tata McGraw-Hill 5. M. Arumugam, 2002, Materials Science, 3rd revised Edition, Anuratha Agencies
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, B. Raj, B. B. Rath and J. Murday. Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology. Springer- Verlag, 2012. 2. K. Yamauchi, I. Ohkata, K. Tsuchiya and S. Miyazaki (Eds). Shape Memory and Super Elastic Alloys: Technologies and Applications. Wood head Publishing Limited, 2011. 3. Lawrence H. Van Vlack, 1998. Elements of Materials Science and Engineering, 6th Edition, Second ISE reprint, Addison-Wesley. 4. H. Iabch and H. Luth, 2002, Solid State Physics – An Introduction to Principles of Materials Science, 2nd Edition, Springer.

	5. D. Hull & T. W. Clyne, An introduction to composite materials, Cambridge University Press, 2008.
WEB SOURCES	1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_mm02/preview 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104229 3. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/113/105/113105081 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/113/105/113105025/ https://eng.libretexts.org/Bookshelves/Materials_Science/Supplemental_Modules_(Materials_Science)/Electronic_Properties/Lattice_Vibrations

COURSE OUTCOMES:
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Acquire knowledge on optoelectronic materials	**K1**
CO2	Be able to prepare ceramic materials	**K3**
CO3	Be able to understand the processing and applications of polymeric materials	**K2, K3**
CO4	Be aware of the fabrication of composite materials	**K5**
CO5	Be knowledgeable of shape memory alloys, metallic glasses and nanomaterials	**K1**
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:
Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)**.**

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

	PSO1	**PSO2**	**PSO3**	**PSO4**	**PSO5**	**PSO6**	**PSO7**	**PSO8**	**PSO9**	**PSO10**
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Title of the Course		MEDICAL PHYSICS						
Category	AECC I	**Year**	I	**Credits**	2	**Course Code**		**232104107**
		Semester	I					
Instructional Hours per week		**Lecture**	**Tutorial**	**Lab Practice**	**Total**	**CIA**	**External**	**Total**
		2	-	--	2	25	75	100

Pre-Requisites

Fundamentals of physiological concepts, Basics of instruments principle,

Learning Objectives

- To understand the major applications of Physics to Medicine
- To study the aid of different medical devices such as X-ray machines, gamma camera, accelerator and nuclear magnetic resonance.
- To outline the principles of Physics of different medical radiation devices and their modern advances, especially in medical radiation therapy and different applications in medical physics.
- To introduce the ideas of Radiography.
- To form a good base for further studies like research.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: X-RAYS AND TRANSDUCERS	Electromagnetic Spectrum – Production of X-Rays – X-Ray Spectrum – Bremsstrahlung – Characteristic X-Ray – X-Ray Tubes – Coolidge Tube – X-Ray Tube Design – Thermistors – photo electric transducers – Photo voltaic cells – photo emissive cells –Photoconductive cells– piezoelectric transducer
UNIT II: BLOOD PRESSURE MEASUREMENTS	Introduction –□sphygmomanometer – Measurement of heart rate – basic principles of electrocardiogram (ECG) –Basic principles of electro-neurography (ENG) – Basic principles of magnetic resonance imaging (MRI).
UNIT III: RADIATION PHYSICS	Radiation Units – Exposure – Absorbed Dose – Rad to Gray – Kera Relative Biological Effectiveness –Effective Dose – Sievert (Sv) – Inverse Square Law – Interaction of radiation with Matter – Linear Attenuation Coefficient – Radiation Detectors –Thimble Chamber – Condenser Chambers – Geiger Counter – Scintillation Counter
UNIT IV: MEDICAL IMAGING PHYSICS	Radiological Imaging – Radiography – Filters – Grids – Cassette – X-Ray Film – Film processing – Fluoroscopy – Computed Tomography Scanner – Principal Function – Display – Mammography – Ultrasound Imaging – Magnetic Resonance Imaging – Thyroid Uptake System – Gamma Camera (Only Principle, Function and display)
UNIT V: RADIATION PROTECTION	Principles of Radiation Protection – Protective Materials – Radiation Effects – Somatic – Genetic Stochastic and Deterministic Effect – Personal Monitoring Devices – TLD Film Badge – Pocket Dosimeter
PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. Dr. K. Thayalan , *Basic Radiological Physics*, Jayapee Brothers Medical Publishing Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2003. 2. Curry, Dowdey and Murry, *Christensen's Physics of Diagnostic Radiology: - Lippincot*Williams and Wilkins, 1990. 3. FM Khan, *Physics of Radiation Therapy*, William and Wilkins, 3rd ed, 2003. 4. D. J. Dewhurst, *An Introduction to Biomedical Instrumentation*, 1st ed, Elsevier Science, 2014. 5. R.S. Khandpur, *Hand Book of Biomedical Instrumentations*, 1st ed, TMG, New Delhi, 2005.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Muhammad Maqbool, *An Introduction to Medical Physics*, 1st ed, Springer International Publishing, 2017. 2. Daniel Jirák, FrantišekVítek, *Basics of Medical Physics*, 1st ed, Charles University, Karolinum Press, 2018 3. Anders Brahme, *Comprehensive Biomedical Physics*, Volume 1, 1st ed, Elsevier Science, 2014.

	4. K. Venkata Ram, *Bio-Medical Electronics and Instrumentation*, 1st ed, Galgotia Publications, New Delhi, 2001. 5. John R. Cameron and James G. Skofronick, 2009, Medical Physics, John Wiley Interscience Publication, Canada, 2nd edition.
WEB SOURCES	1. https:nptel.ac.in/courses/108/103/108103157/ 2. https://www.studocu.com/en/course/university-of-technology-sydney/medical-devices-and-diagnostics/225692 3. https://www.technicalsymposium.com/alllecturenotes_biomed.html 4. https://lecturenotes.in/notes/17929-note-for-biomedical-instrumentation-bi-by-deepraj-adhikary/78 5. https://www.modulight.com/applications-medical/

COURSE OUTCOMES:
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Learn the fundamentals, production and applications of X-rays.	**K1**
CO2	Understand the basics of blood pressure measurements. Learn about sphygmomanometer, EGC, ENG and basic principles of MRI.	**K2**
CO3	Apply knowledge on Radiation Physics	**K3**
CO4	Analyze Radiological imaging and filters	**K4**
CO5	Assess the principles of radiation protection	**K5**
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:
Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) **and** LOW (1)**.**

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	1	3

	PSO1	**PSO2**	**PSO3**	**PSO4**	**PSO5**	**PSO6**	**PSO7**	**PSO8**	**PSO9**	**PSO10**
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	1	3

Title of the Course		STATISTICAL MECHANICS						
Part		A						
Category	Core 4	Year	I	Credits	4	Course Code	232104201	
		Semester	II					

Instructional Hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice	Total	CIA	External	Total
	6	-	--	6	25	75	100

Pre-Requisites

Laws of thermodynamics, phase transition, entropy, ensembles, partition function, classical and quantum statistics, thermal equilibrium, Brownian motion

Learning Objectives

- ✍ To acquire the knowledge of thermodynamic potentials and to understand phase transition in thermodynamics
- ✍ To identify the relationship between statistic and thermodynamic quantities
- ✍ To comprehend the concept of partition function, canonical and grand canonical ensembles
- ✍ To grasp the fundamental knowledge about the three types of statistics
- ✍ To get in depth knowledge about phase transitions and fluctuation of thermodynamic properties that vary with time

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: PHASE TRANSITIONS	Thermodynamic potentials - Phase Equilibrium - Gibb's phase rule - Phase transitions and Ehrenfest's classifications –Third law of Thermodynamics. Order parameters – Landau's theory of phase transition - Critical indices - Scale transformations and dimensional analysis.
UNIT II: STATISTICAL MECHANICS AND THERMODYNAMICS	Foundations of statistical mechanics - Specification of states of a system - Micro canonical ensemble - Phase space – Entropy - Connection between statistics and thermodynamics – Entropy of an ideal gas using the micro canonical ensemble - Entropy of mixing and Gibb's paradox.
UNIT III: CANONICAL AND GRAND CANONICAL ENSEMBLES	Trajectories and density of states - Liouville's theorem - Canonical and grand canonical ensembles - Partition function - Calculation of statistical quantities - Energy and density fluctuations.
UNIT IV: CLASSICAL AND QUANTUM STATISTICS	Density matrix - Statistics of ensembles - Statistics of indistinguishable particles - Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics - Fermi-Dirac statistics – Ideal Fermi gas – Degeneracy - Bose-Einstein statistics - Plank radiation formula - Ideal Bose gas - Bose-Einstein condensation.
UNIT V: REAL GAS, ISING MODEL AND FLUCTUATIONS	Cluster expansion for a classical gas - Virial equation of state – Calculation of the first Virial coefficient in the cluster expansion - Ising model - Mean-field theories of the Ising model in three, two and one dimensions - Exact solutions in one dimension. Correlation of space-time dependent fluctuations - Fluctuations and transport phenomena - Brownian motion - Langevin's theory - Fluctuation-dissipation theorem - The Fokker-Planck equation
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. S. K. Sinha, 1990, Statistical *Mechanics*, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. 2. B. K. Agarwal and M. Eisner, 1998, *Statistical Mechanics*, Second Edition New Age International, New Delhi. 3. J. K. Bhattacharjee, 1996, *Statistical Mechanics*: An Introductory Text, Allied Publication, New Delhi. 4. F. Reif, 1965, *Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics,* McGraw -Hill, New York. 5. M. K. Zemansky, 1968, *Heat and Thermodynamics*, 5th edition, McGraw-Hill New York.

REFERENCE BOOKS	1. R. K. Pathria, 1996, *Statistical Mechanics*, 2nd edition, Butter WorthHeinemann, New Delhi. 2. L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, 1969, *Statistical Physics*, Pergamon Press, Oxford. 3. K. Huang, 2002, *Statistical Mechanics*, Taylor and Francis, London 4. W. Greiner, L. Neise and H. Stoecker, *Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics*, Springer Verlang, New York. 5. A. B. Gupta, H. Roy, 2002, *Thermal Physics*, Books and Allied, Kolkata.
WEB SOURCES	1. https://byjus.com/chemistry/third-law-of-thermodynamics/ 2. https://web.stanford.edu/~peastman/statmech/thermodynamics.html 3. https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/Statistical_mechanics_and_thermodynamics 4. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Grand_canonical_ensemble 5. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ising_model

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	To examine and elaborate the effect of changes in thermodynamic quantities on the states of matter during phase transition	**K5**
CO2	To analyze the macroscopic properties such as pressure, volume, temperature, specific heat, elastic moduli etc. using microscopic properties like intermolecular forces, chemical bonding, atomicity etc. Describe the peculiar behaviour of the entropy by mixing two gases Justify the connection between statistics and thermodynamic quantities	**K4**
CO3	Differentiate between canonical and grand canonical ensembles and to interpret the relation between thermodynamical quantities and partition function	**K1**
CO4	To recall and apply the different statistical concepts to analyze the behaviour of ideal Fermi gas and ideal Bose gas and also to compare and distinguish between the three types of statistics.	**K4, K5**
CO5	To discuss and examine the thermodynamical behaviour of gases under fluctuation and also using Ising model	**K3**
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)**.**

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3

	PSO1	**PSO2**	**PSO3**	**PSO4**	**PSO5**	**PSO6**	**PSO7**	**PSO8**	**PSO9**	**PSO10**
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3

Title of the Course		QUANTUM MECHANICS - I						
Part		A						
Category	Core 5	Year	I	Credits	4	Course Code	232104202	
		Semester	II					

Instructional Hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice	Total	CIA	External	Total
	6	-	--	6	25	75	100

Pre-Requisites

Newton's laws of motion, Schrodinger's equation, integration, differentiation.

Learning Objectives

- ✍ To develop the physical principles and the mathematical background important to quantum mechanical descriptions.
- ✍ To describe the propagation of a particle in a simple, one-dimensional potential.
- ✍ To formulate and solve the Schrodinger's equation to obtain eigenvectors and energies for particle in a three-dimensional potential.
- ✍ To explain the mathematical formalism and the significance of constants of motion, and see their relation to fundamental symmetries in nature
- ✍ To discuss the Approximation methods like perturbation theory, Variational and WKB methods for solving the Schrödinger equation.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: BASIC FORMALISM	Interpretation of the wave function – Time dependent Schrodinger equation –Time independent Schrodinger equation – Stationary states – Ehrenfest's theorem – Linear vector space – Linear operator – Eigen functions and Eigen Values – Hermitian Operator – Postulates of Quantum Mechanics – Simultaneous measurability of observables – General Uncertainty relation
UNIT II: ONE DIMENSIONAL AND THREE-DIMENSIONAL ENERGY EIGEN VALUE PROBLEMS	Square – well potential with rigid walls – Square well potential with finite walls – Square potential barrier – Alpha emission – Bloch waves in a periodic potential – Kronig-penny square – well periodic potential – Linear harmonic oscillator: Operator method – Particle moving in a spherically symmetric potential – System of two interacting particles – Hydrogen atom – Rigid rotator
UNIT III: GENERAL FORMALISM	Dirac notation – Equations of motions – Schrodinger representation – Heisenberg representation – Interaction representation – Coordinate representation – Momentum representation – Symmetries and conservation laws – Unitary transformation – Parity and time reversal
UNIT IV: APPROXIMATION METHODS	Time independent perturbation theory for non-degenerate energy levels – Degenerate energy levels – Stark effect in Hydrogen atom – Ground and excited state – Variation method – Helium atom – WKB approximation – Connection formulae (no derivation) – WKB quantization – Application to simple harmonic oscillator.
UNIT V: ANGULAR MOMENTUM	Eigenvalue spectrum of general angular momentum – Ladder operators and their algebra – Matrix representation – Spin angular momentum – Addition of angular momenta – CG Coefficients – Symmetry and anti – symmetry of wave functions – Construction of wave-functions and Pauli's exclusion principle.
PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. P. M. Mathews and K. Venkatesan, A Text book of Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition(37th Reprint),Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010. 2. G. Aruldhas, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009. 3. David J Griffiths, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics. 4th edition, Pearson, 2011. 4. SL Gupta and ID Gupta, Advanced Quantum Theory and Fields, 1st Edition, S.Chand& Co., New Delhi, 1982.

	5. A. Ghatak and S. Lokanathan, Quantum Mechanics: Theory and Applications, 4th Edition, Macmillan, India, 1984.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. E. Merzbacher, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1970. 2. V. K. Thankappan, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, Wiley Eastern Ltd, New Delhi, 1985. 3. L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, Quantum Mechanics, 1st edition, Pergomon Press, Oxford, 1976. 4. S. N. Biswas, Quantum Mechanics, Books and Allied Ltd., Kolkata, 1999. 5. V. Devanathan, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition, Alpha Science International Ltd, Oxford , 2011.
WEB SOURCES	1. http://research.chem.psu.edu/lxjgroup/download_files/chem565-c7.pdf 2. http://www.feynmanlectures.caltech.edu/III_20.html 3. http://web.mit.edu/8.05/handouts/jaffe1.pdf 4. https://hepwww.pp.rl.ac.uk/users/haywood/Group_Theory_Lectures/Lecture_ 1.pdf 5. https://theory.physics.manchester.ac.uk/~xian/qm/chapter3.pdf

COURSE OUTCOMES:
At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Demonstrates a clear understanding of the basic postulates of quantum mechanics which serve to formalize the rules of quantum Mechanics	K1, K5
CO2	Is able to apply and analyze the Schrodinger equation to solve one dimensional problems and three dimensional problems	**K3, K4**
CO3	Can discuss the various representations, space time symmetries and formulations of time evolution	**K1**
CO4	Can formulate and analyze the approximation methods for various quantum mechanical problems	**K4, K5**
CO5	To apply non-commutative algebra for topics such as angular and spin angular momentum and hence explain spectral line splitting.	**K3, K4**
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)**.**

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	S	3	2	2	3
CO3	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	S	3	3	2	3

	PSO1	**PSO2**	**PSO3**	**PSO4**	**PSO5**	**PSO6**	**PSO7**	**PSO8**	**PSO9**	**PSO10**
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	S	3	2	2	3
CO3	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	S	3	3	2	3

Title of the Course		PRACTICAL - II						
Part		A						
Category	Core 6 P	Year	I	Credits	4	Course Code	232104203	
		Semester	II					
Instructional Hours per week		Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice	Total	CIA	External	Total
		--	1	5	6	25	75	100

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge and handling of basic general and electronics experiments of Physics

Learning Objectives

- To understand the concept of mechanical behavior of materials and calculation of same using appropriate equations.
- To calculate the thermodynamic quantities and physical properties of materials.
- To analyze the optical and electrical properties of materials.
- To observe the applications of FET and UJT.
- To study the different applications of operational amplifier circuits.
- To learn about Combinational Logic Circuits and Sequential Logic Circuits

Course Details

(Any Twelve Experiments)

1. Determination of Young's modulus and Poisson's ratio by Elliptical fringes - Cornu's Method
2. Determination of Stefan's constant of radiation from a hot body
3. Measurement of Coefficient of linear expansion- Air wedge Method
4. Measurement of Susceptibility of liquid - Quincke's method
5. B-H curve using CRO
6. Measurement of Magnetic Susceptibility - Guoy's method
7. LG Plate
8. Arc spectrum: Copper
9. Determination of Solar constant
10. Determination of e/m - Millikan's method
11. Miscibility measurements using ultrasonic diffraction method
12. Determination of Thickness of thin film. - Michelson Interferometer
13. GM counter – Feather's analysis: Range of Beta rays
14. Iodine absorption spectra
15. Molecular spectra – CN bands
16. Determination of Refractive index of liquids using diode Laser/ He – Ne Laser
17. Determination of Numerical Apertures and Acceptance angle of optical fibers using Laser Source.
18. Measurement of Dielectricity - Microwave test bench
19. Hall Effect in Semiconductor. Determine the Hall coefficient, carrier concentration and carrier mobility
20. Interpretation of vibrational spectra of a given material
21. Determination of I-V Characteristics and efficiency of solar cell.
22. IC 7490 as scalar and seven segment display using IC7447
23. Solving simultaneous equations – IC 741 / IC LM324
24. Op-Amp –Active filters: Low pass, High pass and Band pass filters (Second Order) Batter worth filter
25. Construction of Current to Voltage and Voltage to Current Conversion using IC 741.
26. Construction of second order butter worth multiple feedback narrow band pass filter
27. Realization of analog to digital converter (ADC) using 4-bit DAC and synchronous counter IC74193
28. Construction of square wave generator using IC 555 – Study of VCO
29. Construction of Schmidt trigger circuit using IC555 for a given hysteresis – Application as squarer
30. Construction of pulse generator using the IC 555 – Application as frequency divider
31. BCD to Excess- 3 and Excess 3 to BCD code conversion
32. Study of binary up / down counters - IC 7476 / IC7473
33. Shift register and Ring counter and Johnson counter- IC 7476/IC 7474
34. Study of synchronous parallel 4-bit binary up/down counter using IC 74193
35. Study of asynchronous parallel 4-bit binary up/down counter using IC 7493
36. Study of Modulus Counter
37. Construction of Multiplexer and Demultiplexer using ICs.

TEXT BOOKS	1. Practical Physics, Gupta and Kumar, Pragati Prakasan 2. Kit Developed for doing experiments in Physics- Instruction manual, R. Srinivasan K.R Priolkar, Indian Academy of Sciences 3. Op-Amp and linear integrated circuit, Ramakanth A Gaykwad, Eastern Economy Edition. 4. Electronic lab manual Vol I, K ANavas, Rajath Publishing 5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, K ANavas, PHI eastern Economy Edition
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. An advanced course in Practical Physics, D. Chattopadhayay, C.R Rakshit, New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd 2. Advanced Practical Physics, S.P Singh, Pragati Prakasan 3. A course on experiment with He-Ne Laser, R. S. Sirohi, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. ltd 4. Electronic lab manual Vol II, Kuriachan T.D, Syam Mohan, Ayodhya Publishing 5. Electronic Laboratory Primer a design approach, S. Poornachandra, B. Sasikala, Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the strength of material using Young's modulus	K2
CO2	Acquire knowledge of thermal behaviour of the materials	K1
CO3	Understand theoretical principles of magnetism through the experiments.	K2
CO4	Acquire knowledge about arc spectrum and applications of laser	K1
CO5	Improve the analytical and observation ability in Physics Experiments	K4
CO6	Conduct experiments on applications of FET and UJT	K5
CO7	Analyze various parameters related to operational amplifiers	K4
CO8	Understand the concepts involved in arithmetic and logical circuits using IC's	K2
CO9	Acquire knowledge about Combinational Logic Circuits and Sequential Logic Circuits	K3
CO10	Analyze the applications of counters and registers	K4
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)**.**

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
CO1	2	2	2	S	S	2	2	2	3	3
CO2	2	2	S	S	S	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO7	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	**PSO2**	**PSO3**	**PSO4**	**PSO5**	**PSO6**	**PSO7**	**PSO8**	**PSO9**	**PSO10**
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6	2	2	2	S	S	2	2	2	3	3
CO7	2	2	S	S	S	2	2	3	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Title of the Course		NONLINEAR DYNAMICS						
Part		A						
Category	EC - II	Year	I	Credits	3	Course Code	232104204	
		Semester	II					
Instructional Hours per week		Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice	Total	CIA	External	Total
		4	-	--	4	25	75	100

Pre-Requisites

Basics of Numerical methods and Differential equations, Fundamentals of linear and nonlinear waves, and Basics of communication systems

Learning Objectives

- ✍ To school the students about the analytical and numerical techniques of nonlinear dynamics.
- ✍ To make the students understand the concepts of various coherent structures.
- ✍ To train the students on bifurcations and onset of chaos.
- ✍ To educate the students about the theory of chaos and its characterization.
- ✍ To make the students aware of the applications of solitons, chaos and fractals.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: GENERAL	Linear waves-ordinary differential equations(ODEs)-Partial differential equations(PDEs)- Methods to solve ODEs and PDEs.- Numerical methods – Linear and Nonlinear oscillators-Nonlinear waves-Qualitative features
UNIT II: COHERENT STRUCTURES	Linear and Nonlinear dispersive waves - Solitons – KdV equation – Basic theory of KdV equation –Ubiquitous soliton equations – AKNS Method.
UNIT III: PERTURBATION METHODS	Backlund transformation, Hirotabilinearization method, Painleve analysis - Perturbation methods- Solitons in Optical fibres - Applications.
UNIT IV: BIFURCATIONS AND ONSET OF CHAOS	One dimensional flows – Two dimensional flows – Phase plane – Limit cycles – Simple bifurcations – Discrete Dinamical system – Strange attractors – Routes to chaos.
UNIT V APPLICATIONS	Soliton based communication systems – Solition based computation – Synchronization of chaos – Chaos based communication – Cryptography – Image processing – Stochastic – Resonance – Chaos based computation – Time Series analysis.
PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. M. Lakshmanan and S. Rajasekar, Nonlinear Dynamics: Integrability, Chaos and Patterns. Springer, 2003. 2. A. Hasegawa and Y. Kodama, Solitons in Optical Communications. Oxford Press, 1995. 3. Drazin, P. G. Nonlinear Systems. Cambridge University Press, 2012. ISBN: 9781139172455. 4. Wiggins, S. Introduction to Applied Nonlinear Dynamical Systems and Chaos. Springer, 2003. ISBN: 9780387001777. 5. Strogatz, Steven H. Nonlinear Dynamics and Chaos: With Applications to Physics, Biology, Chemistry, and Engineering. Westview Press, 2014. ISBN: 9780813349107.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. G. Drazin and R. S. Johnson. Solitons: An Introduction. Cambridge University Press, 1989. 2. M. Lakshmanan and K. Murali. Chaos in Nonlinear Oscillators. World Scientific, 1989. 3. S. Strogatz**.** Nonlinear Dynamics and Chaos. Addison Wesley, 1995. 4. Hao Bai-Lin, Chaos (World Scientidic, Singapore, 1984). 5. Kahn, P. B., Mathematical Methods for Scientists & Engineers (Wiley, NY, 1990)

WEB SOURCES	1. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/108106135/L06.html 2. http://digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/115105124/L01.html 3. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/108106135/L01.html 4. http://complex.gmu.edu/neural/index.html 5. https://cnls.lanl.gov/External/Kac.php

COURSE OUTCOMES:
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge about the available analytical and numerical methods to solve various nonlinear systems.	**K1, K4**
CO2	Understand the concepts of different types of coherent structures and their importance in science and technology.	**K2**
CO3	Learn about simple and complex bifurcations and the routes to chaos	**K1, K2**
CO4	Acquire knowledge about various oscillators, characterization of chaos and fractals.	**K1**
CO5	To analyze and evaluate the applications of solutions in telecommunication, applications of chaos in cryptography, computations and that of fractals.	**K3, K5**
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:
Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)**.**

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO5	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

	PSO1	**PSO2**	**PSO3**	**PSO4**	**PSO5**	**PSO6**	**PSO7**	**PSO8**	**PSO9**	**PSO10**
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO5	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Title of the Course		CHARACTERIZATON OF MATERIALS						
Part		A						
Category	EC- III	Year	I	Credits	3	Course Code	232104205	
		Semester	II					
Instructional Hours per week		Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice	Total	CIA	External	Total
		4	-	--	4	25	75	100

Pre-Requisites
Fundamentals of Heat and Thermodynamics, Basics of Optical systems, Microscopic systems, Electrical measurements and Fundamentals of Spectroscopy.
Learning Objectives
➢ To make the students learn some important thermal analysis techniques namely TGA, DTA, DSC and TMA. ➢ To make the students understand the theory of image formation in an optical microscope and to introduce other specialized microscopic techniques. ➢ To make the students learn and understand the principle of working of electron microscopes and scanning probe microscopes. ➢ To make the students understand some important electrical and optical characterization techniques for semiconducting materials. ➢ To introduce the students the basics of x-ray diffraction techniques and some important spectroscopic techniques.

UNITS	Course details
UNIT I THERMAL ANALYSIS	Introduction – thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) – instrumentation – determination of weight loss and decomposition products – differential thermal analysis (DTA)- cooling curves – differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) – instrumentation – specific heat capacity measurements – determination of thermomechanical parameters.
UNIT II MICROSCOPIC METHODS	Optical Microscopy: optical microscopy techniques – Bright field optical microscopy – Dark field optical microscopy – Dispersion staining microscopy - phase contrast microscopy –differential interference contrast microscopy - fluorescence microscopy - confocal microscopy - - digital holographic microscopy - oil immersion objectives - quantitative metallography - image analyzer.
UNIT III ELECTRON MICROSCOPY AND SCANNING PROBE MICROSCOPY	SEM, EDAX, EPMA, TEM: working principle and Instrumentation – sample preparation –Data collection, processing and analysis- Scanning tunneling microscopy (STEM) - Atomic force microscopy (AFM) - Scanning new field optical microscopy.
UNIT IV ELECTRICAL METHODS AND OPTICAL CHARACTERISATION	Two probe and four probe methods- van der Pauw method – Hall probe and measurement – scattering mechanism – C-V characteristics – Schottky barrier capacitance – impurity concentration – electrochemical C-V profiling – limitations. Photoluminescence – light – matter interaction – instrumentation – electroluminescence – instrumentation – Applications.
UNIT V X-RAY AND SPECTROSCOPIC METHODS	Principles and instrumentation for UV-Vis-IR, FTIR spectroscopy, Raman spectroscopy, ESR, NMR, NQR, XPS, AES and SIMS-proton induced X-ray Emission spectroscopy (PIXE) – Rutherford Back Scattering (RBS) analysis-application - Powder diffraction - Powder diffractometer -interpretation of diffraction patterns - indexing - phase identification - residual stress analysis - Particle size, texture studies - X-ray fluorescence spectroscopy - uses.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism

TEXT BOOKS	1. R. A. Stradling and P. C. Klipstain. Growth and Characterization of semiconductors. Adam Hilger, Bristol, 1990. 2. J. A. Belk. Electron microscopy and microanalysis of crystalline materials. Applied Science Publishers, London, 1979. 3. Lawrence E. Murr. Electron and Ion microscopy and Microanalysis principles and Applications. Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1991 4. D. Kealey and P. J. Haines. Analytical Chemistry. Viva Books Private Limited, New Delhi, 2002. 5. Li, Lin, Ashok Kumar Materials Characterization Techniques Sam Zhang; CRC Press, (2008).
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Cullity, B.D., and Stock, R.S., "Elements of X-Ray Diffraction", Prentice-Hall, (2001). 2. Murphy, Douglas B, Fundamentals of Light Microscopy and Electronic Imaging, Wiley-Liss, Inc. USA, (2001). 3. Tyagi, A.K., Roy, Mainak, Kulshreshtha, S.K., and Banerjee, S., Advanced Techniques for Materials Characterization, Materials Science Foundations (monograph series), Volumes 49 – 51, (2009).Volumes 49 – 51, (2009). 4. Wendlandt, W.W., Thermal Analysis, John Wiley & Sons, (1986). 5. Wachtman, J.B., Kalman, Z.H., Characterization of Materials, ButterworthHeinemann, (1993)
WEB SOURCES	1. https://cac.annauniv.edu/uddetails/udpg_2015/77.%20Mat%20Sci(AC).pdf 2. http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/113106034/L11.html 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104106122 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/118104008 5. https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/materials-characterization

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Describe the TGA, DTA, DSC and TMA thermal analysis techniques and make interpretation of the results.	**K1, K3**
CO2	The concept of image formation in Optical microscope, developments in other specialized microscopes and their applications.	**K2**
CO3	The working principle and operation of SEM, TEM, STM and AFM.	**K2, K3**
CO4	Understood Hall measurement, four –probe resistivity measurement, C-V, I-V, Electrochemical, Photoluminescence and electroluminescence experimental techniques with necessary theory.	**K3, K4**
CO5	The theory and experimental procedure for x- ray diffraction and some important spectroscopic techniques and their applications.	**K4,K5**
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) **and** LOW (1)**.**

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2

	PSO1	**PSO2**	**PSO3**	**PSO4**	**PSO5**	**PSO6**	**PSO7**	**PSO8**	**PSO9**	**PSO10**
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2

Title of the Course		ADVANCED OPTICS						
Part		A						
Category	SEC- II	Year	I	Credits	2	Course Code	232104206	
		Semester	II					
Instructional Hours per week		Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice	Total	CIA	External	Total
		2	-	--	2	25	75	100

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge of ray properties and wave nature of light

Learning Objectives

- To know the concepts behind polarization and could pursue research work on application aspects of laser
- To impart an extensive understanding of fiber and non-linear optics
- To study the working of different types of LASERS
- To differentiate first and second harmonic generation
- Learn the principles of magneto-optic and electro-optic effects and its applications

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT 1: POLARIZATION AND DOUBLE REFRACTION	Classification of polarization – Transverse character of light waves – Polarizer and analyzer – Malu's law – Production of polarized light – Wire grid polarizer and the polaroid – Polarization by reflection – Polarization by double refraction – Polarization by scattering – The phenomenon of double refraction – Normal and oblique incidence – Interference of polarized light: Quarter and half wave plates – Analysis of polarized light – Optical activity
UNIT II: LASERS	Basic principles – Spontaneous and stimulated emissions – Components of the laser – Resonator and lasing action – Types of lasers and its applications – Solid state lasers – Ruby laser – Nd:YAG laser – gas lasers – He-Ne laser – CO_2 laser – Chemical lasers – HCl laser – Semiconductor laser
UNIT III: FIBER OPTICS	Introduction – Total internal reflection – The optical fiber – Glass fibers – The coherent bundle – The numerical aperture – Attenuation in optical fibers – Single and multi-mode fibers – Pulse dispersion in multimode optical fibers – Ray dispersion in multimode step index fibers – Parabolic-index fibers – Fiber-optic sensors: precision displacement sensor – Precision vibration sensor
UNIT IV: NON-LINEAR OPTICS	Basic principles – Harmonic generation – Second harmonic generation – Phase matching – Third harmonic generation – Optical mixing – Parametric generation of light – Self-focusing of light
UNIT V: MAGNETO-OPTICS AND ELECTRO-OPTICS	Magneto-optical effects – Zeeman effect – Inverse Zeeman effect – Faraday effect – Voigt effect – Cotton-mouton effect – Kerr magneto-optic effect – Electro-optical effects – Stark effect – Inverse stark effect – Electric double refraction – Kerr electro-optic effect – Pockels electro-optic effect
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. B. B. Laud, 2017, Lasers and Non – Linear Optics, 3rd Edition, New Age International (P) Ltd. 2. Ajoy Ghatak, 2017, Optics, 6th Edition, McGraw – Hill Education Pvt. Ltd. 3. William T. Silfvast, 1996, Laser Fundamentals Cambridge University Press, New York 4. J. Peatros, Physics of Light and Optics, a good (and free!) electronic book 5. B. Saleh, and M. Teich, Fundamentals of Photonics, Wiley-Interscience,

REFERENCE BOOKS	1. F. S. Jenkins and H. E. White, 1981, Fundamentals of Optics, (4th Edition), McGraw – Hill International Edition. 2. Dieter Meschede, 2004, Optics, Light and Lasers, Wiley – VCH, Varley GmbH. 3. Lipson, S. G. Lipson and H. Lipson, 2011, Optical Physics, 4th Edition, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 2011. 4. Y. B. Band, Light and Matter, Wiley and Sons (2006) 5. R. Guenther, Modern Optics, Wiley and Sons (1990)
WEB SOURCES	1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WgzynezPiyc 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ShQWwobpW60 3. https://www.ukessays.com/essays/physics/fiber–optics–and–it-applications.php 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0kEvr4DKGRI 5. http://optics.byu.edu/textbook.aspx

COURSE OUTCOMES:
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Discuss the transverse character of light waves and different polarization phenomenon	**K1**
CO2	Discriminate all the fundamental processes involved in laser devices and to analyze the design and operation of the devices	**K2**
CO3	Demonstrate the basic configuration of a fiber optic – communication system and advantages	**K3, K4**
CO4	Identify the properties of nonlinear interactions of light and matter	**K4**
CO5	Interpret the group of experiments which depend for their action on an applied magnetics and electric field	**K5**
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:
Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)**.**

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
C02	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	**PSO2**	**PSO3**	**PSO4**	**PSO5**	**PSO6**	**PSO7**	**PSO8**	**PSO9**	**PSO10**
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Title of the Course		THIN FILMS						
Part		A						
Category	AECC - II	Year	I	Credits	2	Course Code	232104207	
		Semester	II					
Instructional Hours per week		Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice	Total	CIA	External	Total
		2	-	--	2	25	75	100

Pre-Requisites
To make the students understand the technique to prepare the thin films and devices.
Learning Objectives
✍ To understand the thin film deposition methods ✍ To apply the techniques of Thin Film Formation and thickness Measurement ✍ To understand the various characterization techniques and study the electrical, optical and magnetic properties of the thin films ✍ Make applications of thin films for device fabrication ✍ Acquire skills required for entrepreneurship of jobs in the field of thin films

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: THIN FILM DEPOSTION TECHNIQUES	Introduction: Brief Introduction of the bulk and the thin film properties. Thermal Evaporation – Electron beam Evaporation – Molecular Beam Epitaxy – Sputtering Deposition (DC, RF and Microwave) – Spray Pyrolysis – Dip Coating – Spin Coating
UNIT II: THIN FILM FORMATION	Thin Film Formation and thickness Measurement Nucleation, Film growth and structure – Various stages in Thin Film formation – Thermodynamics of Nucleation – Nucleation theories – Capillarity model and Atomistic model and their comparison.
UNIT III: CHARACTERIZATION OF THIN FILMS	Structural Characterization – X-ray Diffraction – SEM – TEM – UV-Visible Spectrum – FTIR – X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy (XPS) – Energy Dispersive Atomic X-ray Spectroscopy (EDAX)
UNIT IV: ELECTRICAL, OPTICAL AND MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF THIN FILMS	Sources of Resistivity in metallic conductors – Sheet Resistance – Temperature Coefficient of Resistance – Influence of Thickness on the Resistivity – Hall Effect– Optical Characterization by Spectrophotometer– Energy Band Gap – Magneto Resistance – Ferro Magnetic Domain Studies – Meisner Effect – Super Conducting Stage.
UNIT V: APPLICATIONS OF THIN FILMS	Pattering techniques (Photolithography), Diamond Films, Thin Film resistors, capacitors, Junction Devices (Diode, Transistors, Solar Cells), ICs, Thin Film Sensors (Gas and Humidity)
PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. Hand Book of Thin Film Technology: L.I. Maissel and R. Glang, Mc Graw Hill Book Co. 1970, 07-039742-2. 2. Thin Film Phenomena: K.L Chopra, Mc Graw Hill Book Co. 1969. 3. A. Goswami, Thin Film Fundamentals (New Age, New Delhi, 2008) 4. Thin Film Process: J.L. Vossen and Kern, Academic Press, 1978.

REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Materials Science of Thin Films: M. Ohring, Acdemic Press, 1992, ISBN:0-12-524990-X 2. Vaccum Depostion of Thin Films: L. Hoolland John Wiley & Sons Inc. New York 1958. 3. Thin Film Solar Cells- K.L. Chopra and S.R. Das Plenum Press, New York 1983. 4. A Sensor Compreshensive survey V6. Edited by W. Gopal, J, Hesse, JN. Zend.
WEB SOURCES	1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aY1VxwIbr6E 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=X4dc5KeLJAI 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oXowkdgJPO4

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the Thin film deposition methods	**K1**
CO2	Apply the techniques of Thin Film Formation and thickness Measurement	**K2, K4**
CO3	To understand the various characterization techniques	**K3**
CO4	Study the electrical, optical and magnetic properties of the thin films	**K2**
CO5	Learn the various applications of thin films and fabricate the devices	**K3, K4**
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)**.**

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
CO1	3	2	1	2	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	1	3	1	2	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	3	1	2	3	3	3	1
CO4	3	2	1	2	1	2	3	3	3	1
CO5	2	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	2

	PSO1	**PSO2**	**PSO3**	**PSO4**	**PSO5**	**PSO6**	**PSO7**	**PSO8**	**PSO9**	**PSO10**
CO1	3	2	1	2	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	1	3	1	2	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	3	1	2	3	3	3	1
CO4	3	2	1	2	1	2	3	3	3	1
CO5	2	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	2